

IP Academie



UPC – Structure of the Court, Competence, Transition Period

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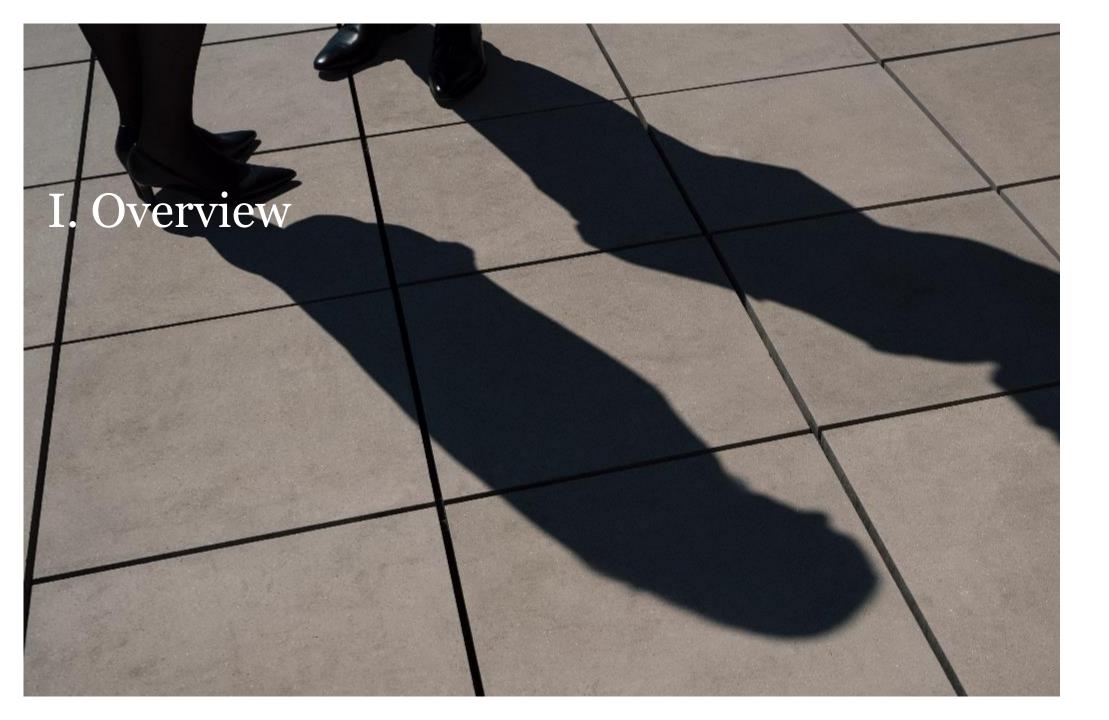
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Impact. Passion. IP



- I. Overview
- II. The first months in numbers
- III. First cases and experience
- IV. Strategies
- V. Takeaways





THE UNITARY PATENT

THE EUROPEAN PATENT SYSTEM

Three main options for protecting inventions in Europe:

- (1) national patents,
- (2) European bundle patents (*EP*)
 - EPO acts as one-stop-shop: central examination and grant procedure
 - After grant: validation in up to 38 member states
- (3) NEW: European Patent With Unitary Effect (UP)



THE UNITARY PATENT

New European "patent package":



- European Patent With Unitary Effect (UP)
 - EPO remains one-stop-shop
 - For participating member states, currently 17, the patent may also become effective as a patent with unitary effect
 - For other countries: no changes, national validations required
- Unified Patent Court (UPC):
 - Exclusive jurisdiction for UPs (and EPs after transitional periods)





THE UNITARY PATENT

Who is in, who is out?





Agreements ratified

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia, Sweden



Czechia, Ireland, Greece, Cyprus, Hungary, Romania, Slovakia



Unlikely to ratify

Croatia, Spain, Poland



Albania, Iceland, Monaco, Norway, North Macedonia, San Marino, Serbia,

No ratification possible

Switzerland, Turkey, **United Kingdom**

THE UNIFIED PATENT COURT

Structure



CJEU

Court of Appeal (2nd Instance / Luxembourg)

Court of First Instance

Local Division

for individual states

DE: Duesseldorf, Mannheim, Munich, Hamburg Regional Division

for 2 or more states

Nordic-Baltic Regional Division EE, LT, LV, SE **Central Division**

for IPC sections

Paris: B, D, E, G, H

London: A, C

Munich: F, C

Milan: A

THE UNIFIED PATENT COURT

Competence



Exclusive competence for UP (transission period for EP):

- Infringement Actions
- Declaration of Non-Infringement
- Provisional and protective measures and injunctions
- (Counter-)Claim for Revocation

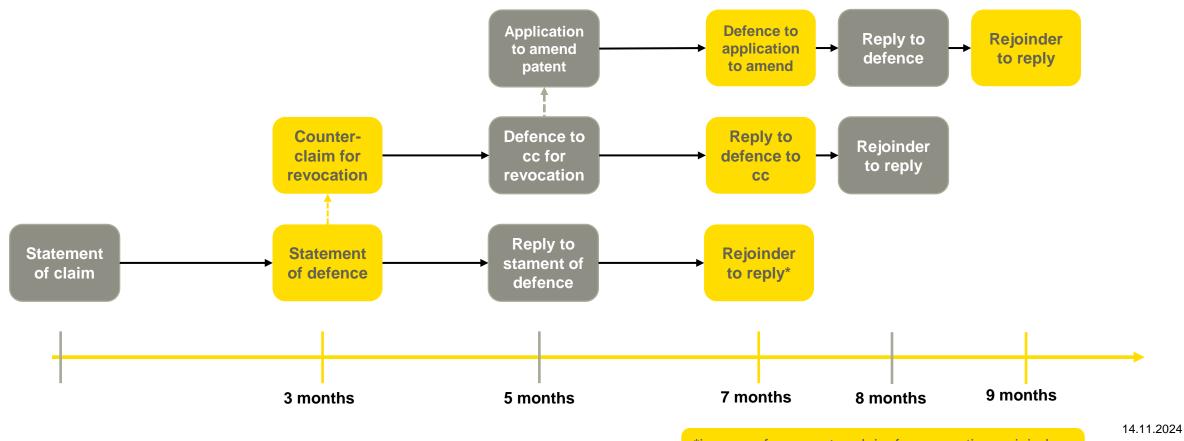
Not competent:

- Vindication actions
- FRAND defence (in infringement proceedings)
- FRAND rate settings?

1st Instance Proceedings: Structure and Timing



<u>Strict timelines</u> – e.g. infringement action:



UNIFIED PATENT COURT

1st Instance Proceedings: Structure and Timing



First stage (before judge-rapporteur)

- Exchange of written pleadings, 2 briefs from each side
- No discovery, but order to produce evidence available
- As a rule: 8-9 months

Second stage (before judge-rapporteur)

- Interim procedure; may order hearing of experts and witnesses before trial in a separate hearing
- As a rule: 3 months

Third stage (before the panel)

- Oral hearing
- Duration one day, written decision within 6 weeks

Judge rapporteur very important – handles 80% of the case!

Adjust filing strategy to influence selection of judge rapporteur?

UNIFIED PATENT COURT

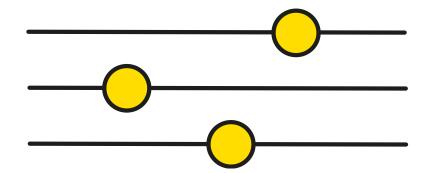
Available Relief



- Injunction (proportionality/equity?)
- Damages (long-arm jurisdiction!)
- Accounting
- Recall, Removal, Destruction etc.

AND

Central Revocation



II. The first months in numbers





STATISTICS

Registrations of Unitary Patents (UPs)



- Between January 1, 2023 (= earliest date for requesting unitary effect or delaying of grant, respectively) and the end of 2023, 85,748 EP patents moved to grant
- 23,736 unitary patent request have been received by November 8, 2024
- → For ~ 25% of all possible EP grants the unitary effect was requested

Requests received

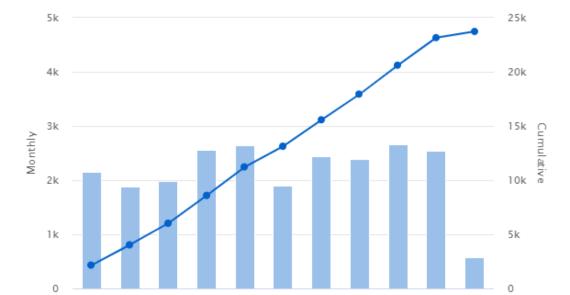
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STATISTICS

Registrations of Unitary Patents (UPs)



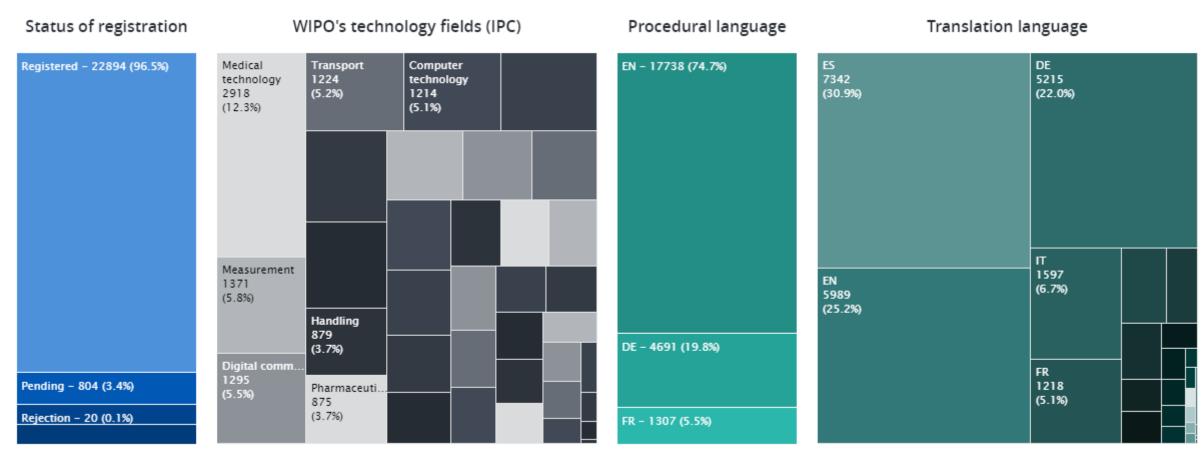
- Is the number of requests increasing?
- So far, no. Rather steady state at about
 ~25% of all new grants are registered as UPs
- Reasons:
 - Annuities up to 60% more expensive than traditional DE + UK + FR validation model
 - Lack of flexibility (no opt-out, no selected lapse)



Evolution of requests received



Registrations of Unitary Patents (UPs)



Opt-Out for Bundle Patents

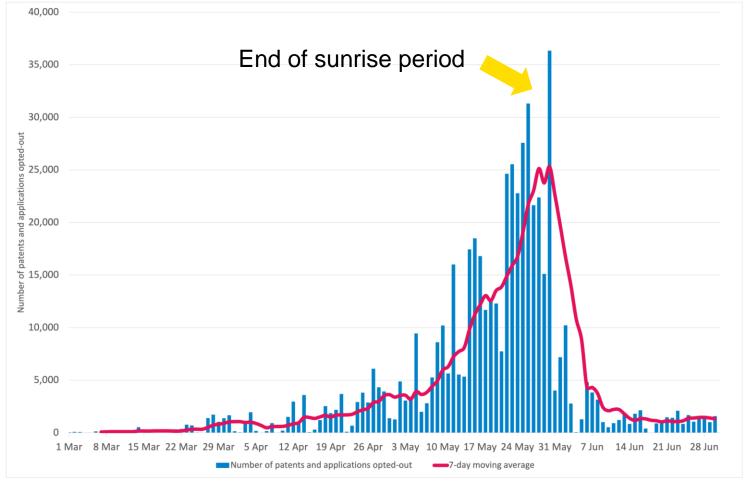
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- As of September 26, 2024:

 about 600.000 request for optouts were filed
 - 2300 which were requested to be withdrawn

 ~ 35 % of all active EP patents have been opted-out





https://patentblog.kluweriplaw.com/2023/07/02/upc-opt-outs-statistics-and-trends-one-month-in/;



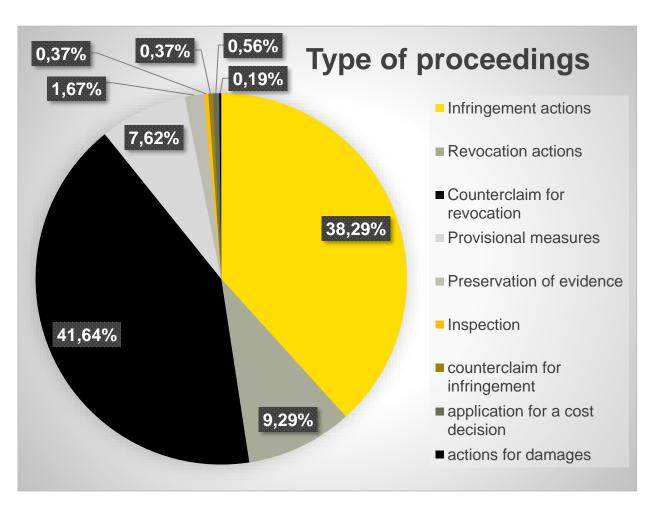
How many proceedings have been registered at the UPC?

- less than 350
- 350-450
- 451-550
- more than 550



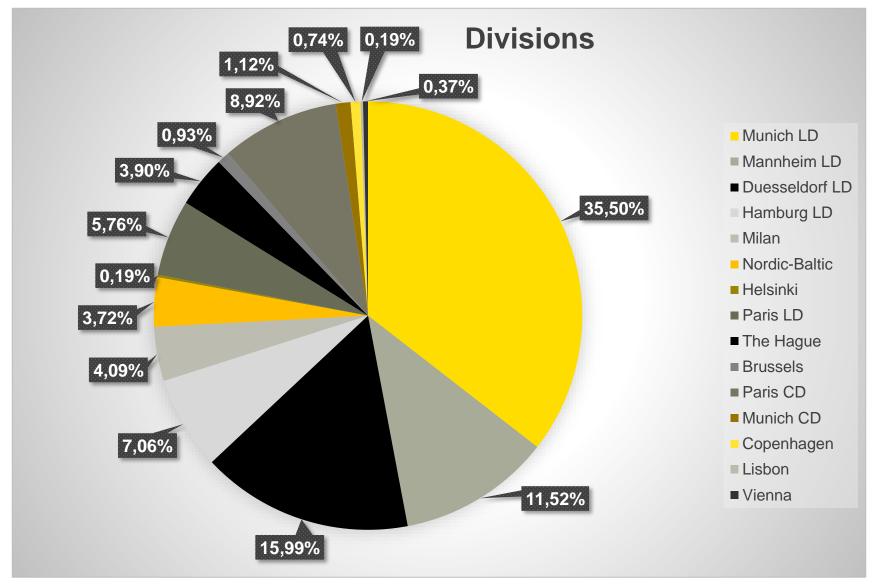
More than 500 cases filed

- Status end October: 538 cases
 - 206 infringement actions
 - 50 revocation actions
 - 224 counterclaim for revocation
 - 41 provisional measures
 - 9 preservation of evidence
 - 2 inspection
 - 2 counterclaim for infringement
 - 3 application for a cost decision
 - 1 actions for damages



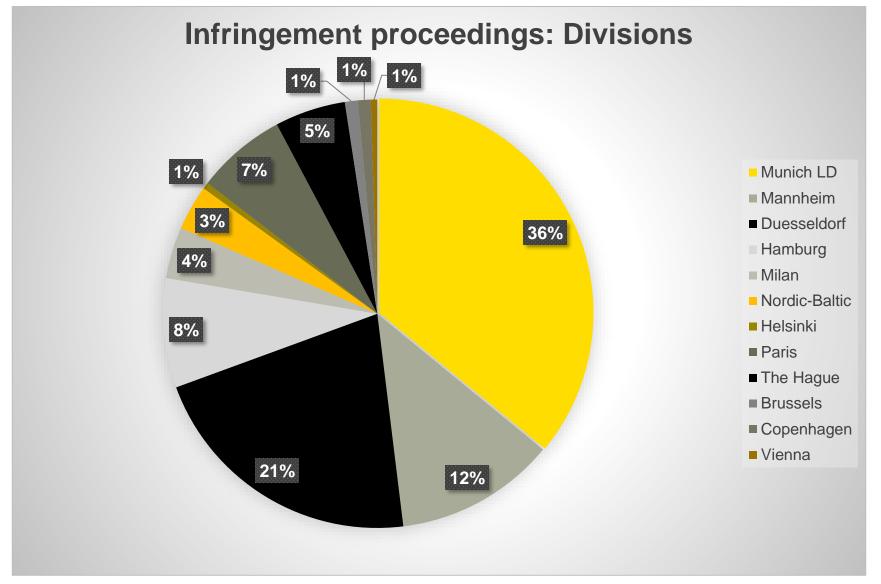


Status of end October, 2024 (CMS)



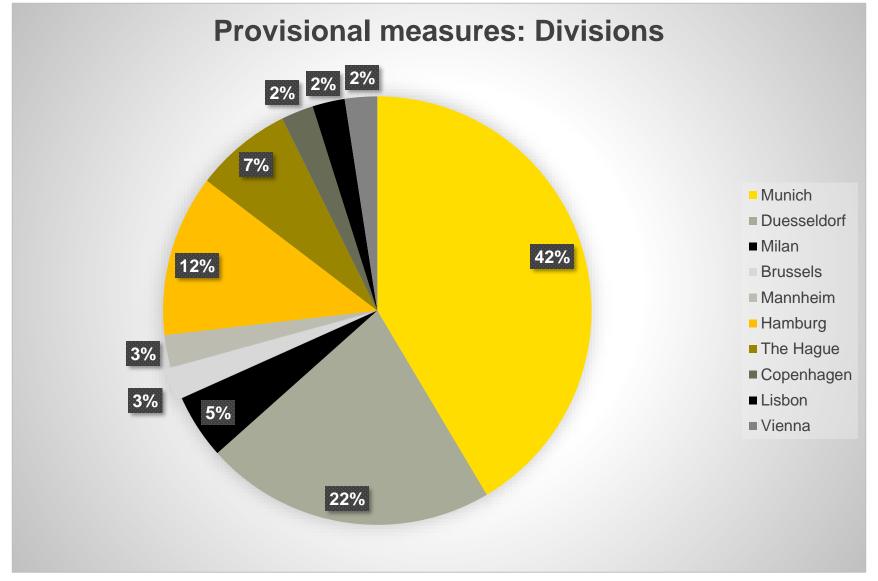


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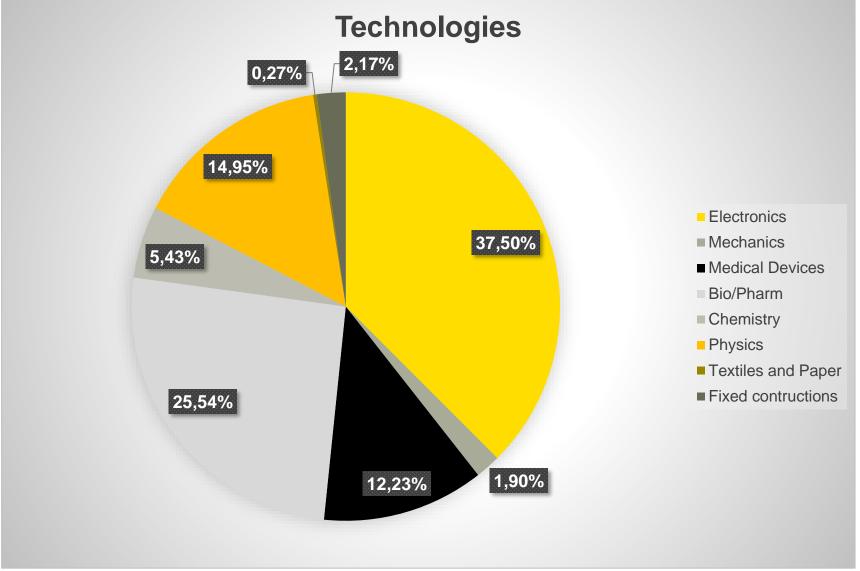


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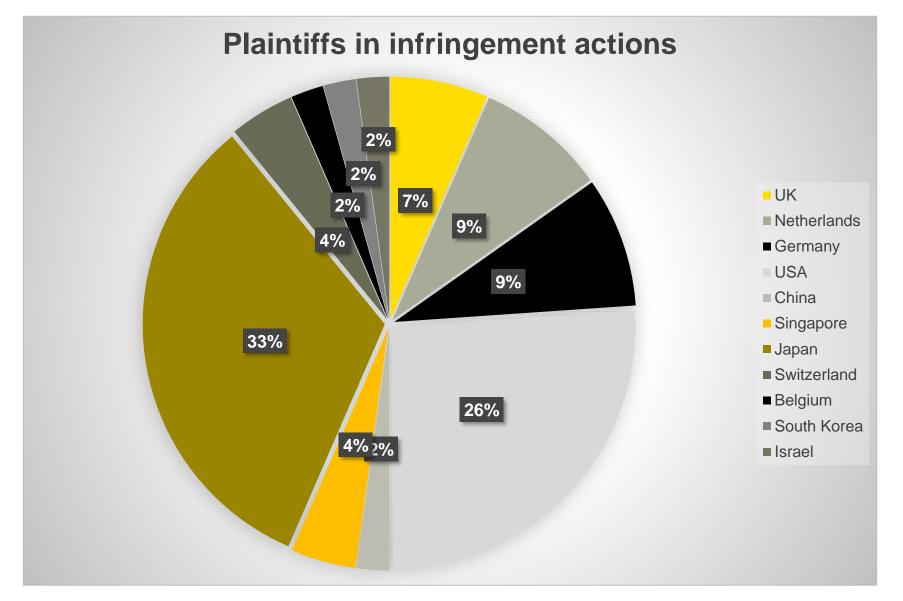


Status of end October, 2024 (CMS)





Status of November 23, 2023 (CMS)





UPC and national systes work in parallel for 7 (14) years

Prosecution:

- Filing and prosecution proceedings at the EPO for both EP and UP
- End of prosecution proceedings, option for applicant:

Classic EP Unitary Patent

- Unitary Patent valid in all UPC Member States (18)
- EP as validated
- Litigation:
- UPC exclusively compentent for UP
- UPC and national courts competent in parallel for EP

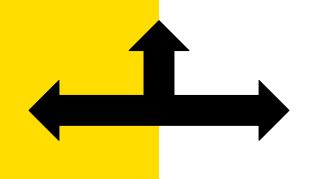




Parallel competence of UPC - national courts

Also for pre 6/2023 patents!

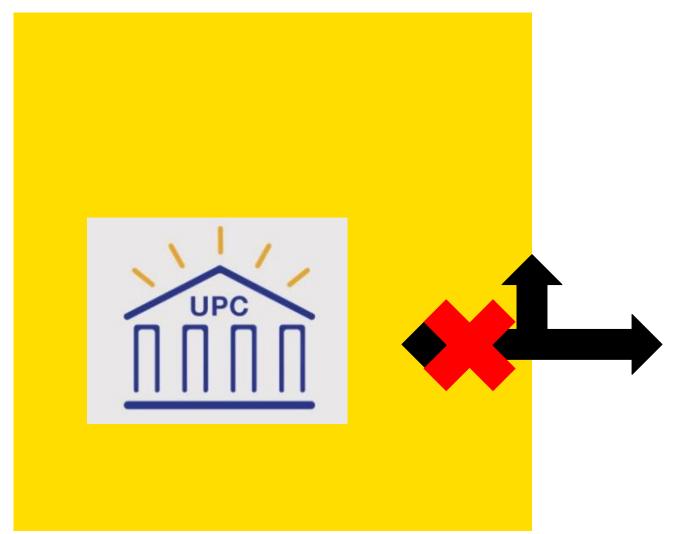






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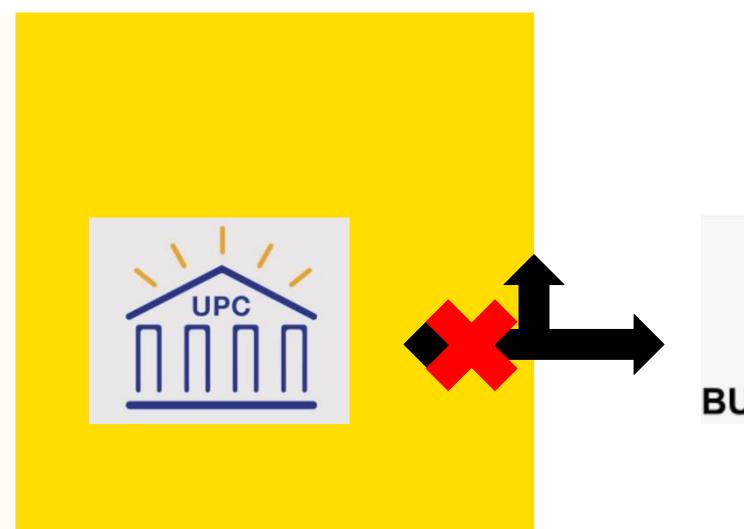
Opt-Out





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Withdrawal of Opt-Out





After Grant: Opt-Out for EP bundle patents



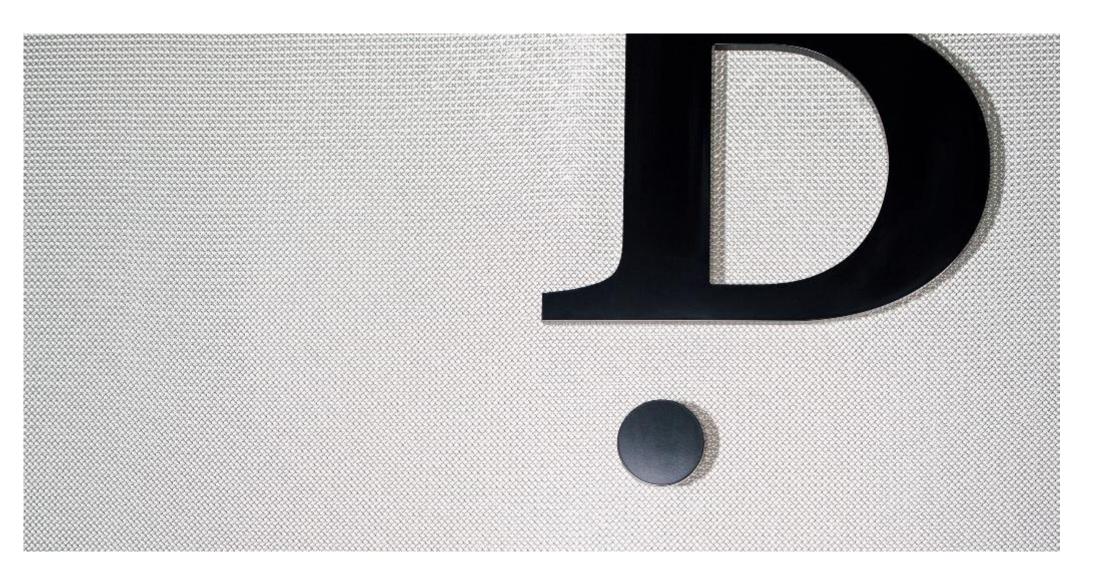
- Opt-outs should be considered if
 - there is a clear threat of a 3rd party attacking the patent and
 - own proceedings before the UPC are currently not envisaged
- Opt-out can usually be withdrawn to opt back into UPC
 - Exception: patent is litigated in national courts
 - Risk of "lock-out torpedo", by national non-infringement / validity attack

Latest News: Court of Appeal AIM vs Supponor, 12-Nov-2024:

Only national litigation that was filed after 1 June 2023 blocks withdrawal of opt-out!

IV. Strategies





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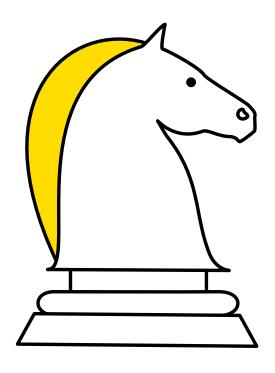
After Grant: EP Bundle or UP?

- Consider UPs as part of your validation strategy, possibly as a hybrid approach
 - Higher annuities may partly be offset with lower administration costs
 - Translations into Spanish are generally cheap, and can be reused for validation in Spain
 - Gives you protection in countries that you would otherwise likely leave unprotected, and the possibility to enforce before a strong court system
- For high priority patents: register UP + validate in ES + UK
- For medium/low priority patents: validate in DE+FR+UK



The Plaintiff – General Considerations





Short timelines work in favor of the plaintiff!

Time to prepare:

- Technical background
- Infringement and counter-arguments
- Anticipate validity attack
- Prepare legal questions

Defendant has limited time to react

The Plaintiff - Hybrid Litigation



- Combination of UPC and national litigation
 - Several patents split between UPC and national courts
 - Seize advantages of national & UPC litigation "best of both worlds"
- National
 - Reliability, cost effective, no surprises
- UPC
 - Quick proceedings, cheaper than multinational litigation
 - Broad territorial scope difficult to withdraw from markets
 - Avoiding Federal Patent Court and EPO
 - Judges want to make the UPC a success

The Plaintiff – Assertion of Crown Jewels



- UPC infringement based on single "Crown Jewel" patent?
 - Multi-country infringement
 - Strong patent (survived nullity / opposition proceedings)
 - Risk of UP-wide revocation
 - Chance of swift, high-impact decision
 - Reduced costs vs. multi-jurisdiction litigation



The Plaintiff - Preliminary Injunction



- Ex parte, if any delay is likely to cause irreparable harm
- Otherwise: Inter partes
- Very fast!
 - Ex parte: same day
 - Inter partes; 3-4 months



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The Defendant

Several known and new procedural measures

- Request security for costs
- Refusing acceptance of e-service
- Motion practice => Technical qualified judges biased
- Classical IT-torpedo
- Expert opinions => facts win the case
- Confidentiality requests



The Defendant



Multiple validity attacks against the patent (1): EPO + UPC

- EPO oppositions and UPC revocation actions can run in parallel to attack validity
 - "Two bites at the apple" ... where "one bullet kills"



- Will the decisions be the same anyway?
 - Case law of Boards of Appeal is relevant under the UPCA
 - But: UPC Judges develop their own case law
 - Harmonization with EPO? Maybe but which direction?
- Note: Strawman approach admissible at the EPO; unknown UPC practice



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The Defendant

Multiple validity attacks against the patent (2): UPC + UPC

 Defendant can file a counter-claim for invalidity at Local Division, another group entity can file revocation action at Central Division



- Why?
 - Central revocation action may be faster than LD counter-claim



 Central Division: all eyes on validity - more room to discuss different attacks



V. Takeaways





Takeaways



- UPs make up significant fraction of newly granted patents
- Number of proceedings at the UPC steadily increasing, focus on Germany
- Prepare and file PI requests/protective letters early
- UPC is also attractive for SMEs
- Lower number of opt-outs, increasing trust in the system
- Case-law develops steadily





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